

Noise Exposure At Work

What This Presentation Covers

This presentation covers the topic of noise exposure at work:

The effects of noise on hearing,

Hearing protection – purpose, types and use,

Purpose of audiometric testing and how it works,

Your right to see noise measurement records and hearing test results.



Effects of Noise Exposure

What Exposure to Loud Noise Will Do



- Exposure to loud noise will inevitably cause hearing loss over time.
- Loud noise damages or destroys the nerves in the inner ear.
- Another effect can be "tinnitus" or permanent ringing in the ear.

Effects of Noise Exposure

When is Noise Too Loud?

- \bullet Noise is measured in units called "decibels" or "dB"
- If two people 3 feet apart must shout to be heard, the background noise is too loud (above 85 decibels).



Noise above 140 decibels causes pain and immediate hearing loss.



Effects of Noise Exposure

Long Term Exposure to Noise

- Our ears can recover from short exposure to loud noise, but over time nerve damage will occur.
- The longer and louder the noise, the greater chance permanent damage will occur.
- There is really no such thing as "tough ears" or "getting used to it".



Effects of Noise Exposure

Hearing Loss From Noise Exposure

- Hearing loss from noise exposure is usually not noticed because it is so gradual.
- Usually a person loses the ability to hear higher pitches first.
- Often the first noticeable effect is difficulty in hearing speech.



Effects of Noise Exposure

Tinnitus From Noise Exposure

- Exposure to high noise levels can also cause permanent ringing in the ear or "tinnitus".
- Tinnitus sufferers usually complain of constant whistling, squealing, roaring or buzzing in one or both ears.
- Severe tinnitus may disrupt sleep, reduce concentration and cause irritability and depression.



Effects of Noise Exposure

What is Too Much Noise Exposure?

- Damage from noise exposure depends on the loudness and length of exposure.
- Scientific studies have shown that hearing loss can occur when 8-hour average noise exposure exceeds 85 decibels.



Effects of Noise Exposure

What is Too Much Noise Exposure?

• The risk of hearing loss increases dramatically as noise levels increase.



- Exposure to noise levels above 115 decibels for even 5 minutes is very risky.
- Impact or banging noise above 140 decibels will cause immediate damage to nerves in the ear.



Effects of Noise Exposure

Daily Allowable Exposure Times to Noise

The table below shows noise levels and how long a person can be exposed without hearing protection before there is damage to the ear.

Noise Level

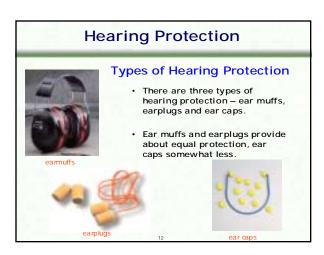
Allowable Exposure Time

- 85 decibels 90 decibels 100 decibels 105 decibels 110 decibels 115 decibels
- 8 hours
 4 hours
 1 hour
 30 minutes
- 15 minutes 0 minutes



Noise Levels Examples of Commonly Used Noisy Equipment Noise Level <u>Equipment</u> Back Hoe 85-95 decibels Chain Saw 110 decibels Front-end Loader 90-95 decibels Gunshot 140 decibels Jackhammer 112 decibels Lawn Mower 90 decibels Tractor 95-105 decil Circular Saw 90-100 decibels

Noise Levels Noisy areas & equipment at our company List or discuss your noisy equipment and noise sources and their noise levels here.



Types of Hearing Protectors

- All hearing protectors are designed to reduce the intensity (loudness) of noise to the inner ear.
- They work much better than wads of cotton or bits of cloth stuffed in the ear.
- All three types have advantages and disadvantages and people vary on which they prefer to



Cotton doesn't work

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Hearing Protection

Hearing Protection – Ear Plugs

- Earplugs are made of foam, rubber or plastic and are either one-size-fits-all or in sizes small, medium and large.
- Some are disposable, some are reusable.
- They are lightweight, and require no maintenance.
- They are inserted into the ear canal.





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Hearing Protection

Ear Plug Comfort

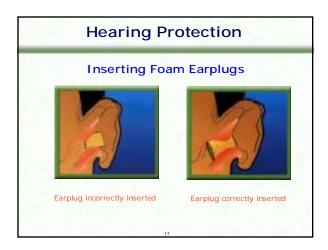
- Some people may find ear plugs uncomfortable to wear for long periods at first.
- Ear plugs rarely cause infection or prolonged irritation of the ear canal.
- Most people can find a comfortable fit by trying several different sizes, types or brands.
- Custom-molded earplugs can be obtained for maximum comfort.





custom molded earnlug







Attached Earmuffs

- Some muffs are attached to hardhats or goggles.
- Some high-tech muffs can filter out certain frequencies or have radios inside for communication in high noise areas.





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Hearing Protection

Ear Muff Comfort & Glasses

- Muffs can be uncomfortable in hot weather.
- Muffs don't seal well for someone with glasses or heavy sideburns.



Hearing Protection

Ear Caps

- Ear caps are like earplugs, except they do not go into the ear canal, they only block it.
- They are good for occasional use or for people who find earplugs uncomfortable.
- They are not as protective as earplugs or muffs.



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Noise Reduction of Hearing Protection

- The "noise reduction rating" or "NRR" of hearing protection is measured in decibels.
- · The NRR is found on the earmuff or earplug package. The higher the number, the greater the protection.



Hearing Protection

Hearing Protection Available at our Company

Insert the list of hearing protection used at your company here.

Alternatively, you can simply show the actual hearing protection you provide your employees. Include NRR rating of each and when or where hearing protection is needed or required.



Training Break

This is a blank slide that can be used for a training break or divide the training into two shorter sessions.

How can you hear anything with earmuffs on?

- Using earmuffs or plugs in noisy areas actually makes it easier to hear coworkers or machinery.
- They reduce overwhelming loud background noise.
- They are similar to dark glasses that reduce the sun's glare making it easier to see.



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Hearing Protection

Proper Use of Hearing Protection

- Earmuffs and plugs provide good protection only when used properly.
- Sometimes people will remove hearing protection for "just a minute" in a noisy area.
- In areas of very high noise exposure, this could result in noise overexposure.



It won't protect your ears if it is around your neck!!!

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Hearing Protection

Proper Use of Hearing Protection

- It takes just a few minutes of unprotected exposure at noise above 115 decibels to risk hearing damage.
- Earplugs not well inserted into the ear canal will not provide complete protection.
- Likewise, earmuffs not snug against the head will "leak" noise into the ear.



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Hearing Aids Are Not Hearing Protection

- Hearing aids do not block out enough sound for most workplace noise.
- Some hearing aids can actually increase the noise level at the ear.



 Just turning off the hearing aids will not prevent further hearing loss from noise exposure.

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Hearing Protection

Portable Radios/CD Players

"Walkmans" do not provide protection from noise.

The earphones are not earmuffs and the music only adds to background other noise.

"Walkmans" can exceed 85 decibels alone.



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Audiometric Testing

What is Audiometric Testing?

- "Audiometric testing" is the same thing as "hearing tests".
- It is done by trained technicians to detect any hearing loss.
- Audiometric testing is required by WISHA for any employees exposed to excessive noise.



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Audiometric Testing

Purpose of Audiometric Testing

- Most of us develop a mild hearing loss as we age, especially in the higher pitches.
- A severe or significant hearing loss at a younger age may mean you have had excessive noise exposure.
- Audiometric testing done yearly can detect early stages of hearing loss.



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Audiometric Testing

Purpose of Audiometric Testing

Audiometric testing results can be used to check the following:

- If the hearing protection in use is adequate,
- If there is a change in noise exposure,
- If there is a medical condition of the ear unrelated to noise exposure.



Audiometric Testing

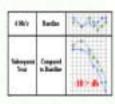
How Does Audiometric Testing Work?

- When you are first hired, a baseline test is taken.
- The testing is repeated every year after that and compared to the baseline test result.
- If a hearing loss is detected, you will be referred to a doctor or audiologist.



Audiometric Testing

- Audiometric testing produces printed audiograms which show hearing ability at several pitches or frequencies.
- These frequencies include those of the human voice.
- The second and following year tests are compared to the first year tests or baseline.
- If there is hearing loss of 10 decibels or more in the human voice frequencies, you will be sent to the doctor or audiologist.



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Audiometric testing What is an Audiogram? An audiogram is a printed chart of the results of the hearing test. They look similar to the results below.

Noise Measurement Records You have the right to see noise measurement records and get copies of your hearing test results. Show here where noise records are kept or give employees copies.

Noise Quiz

The following questions are optional. They can be used to check employee's understanding of this training and promote discussion. You can add more questions for a short written or verbal quiz.

Noise Quiz

Question 1

What happens when people are exposed to excessive noise?

- a) They can't hear someone talking to them.
- b) Over a period of time, they will develop hearing loss.
- c) Some people may develop permanent ringing in their ears.
- d) Some people will be stressed out by constant exposure to loud noise.

Noise Quiz

Question 2

What is the lowest level of noise that can cause hearing loss?

- a) When it hurts your ears.
- b) 65 decibels
- c) 85 decibels
- d) An average of 85 decibels over 8 hours.

Noise Quiz Question 3 What is NRR? a) The noise level of rifles. b) The noise rating of any loud machinery. c) The noise reduction rating of hearing protection. d) A measure of how well earplugs work. **Noise Quiz** Question 4 Ear plugs work better than ear muffs in blocking out noise. a) True. b) False. c) It depends **Noise Quiz** Question 5 Why is audiometric testing required? a) To make sure you haven't gone deaf. b) To test for any hearing loss during your employment. c) To test the noise of machinery. d) To see how well you remember noise training material.